

User Instructions

Gas-fired condensing appliance

Condens 4700iW

GC4700iW 24/25 C | GC4700iW 24/30 C







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1 Explanation of symbols and safety instructions

1.1 Explanation of symbols

Warnings

In warnings, signal words at the beginning of a warning are used to indicate the type and seriousness of the ensuing risk if measures for minimizing danger are not taken.

The following signal words are defined and can be used in this document:



DANGER

DANGER indicates that severe or life-threatening personal injury will occur.



WARNING

WARNING indicates that severe to life-threatening personal injury may occur.



CAUTION

CAUTION indicates that minor to medium personal injury may occur.

NOTICE

NOTICE indicates that material damage may occur.

Important information



The info symbol indicates important information where there is no risk to people or property.

Additional symbols

Symbol	Meaning
>	a step in an action sequence
\rightarrow	a reference to a related part in the document
•	a list entry
-	a list entry (second level)

Table 1

1.2 General safety instructions

⚠ Notices for the target group

These operating instructions are intended for the heating system operator.

All instructions must be observed. Failure to comply with instructions may result in material damage and personal injury, including danger to life.

- Read and retain the operating instructions (heat generator, heating controller, etc.) prior to operation.
- ► Observe the safety instructions and warnings.
- ▶ Operate the heat generator only with the casing fitted and closed.

⚠ Determined use

The product may only be used for the heating of boiler water and for DHW heating.

Any other use is considered inappropriate. We assume no liability for damage occurring due to non-permitted use.

⚠ If you smell gas

A gas leak could potentially cause an explosion. If you smell gas, observe the following rules:

- ► Prevent flames or sparks:
 - Do not smoke, use a lighter or strike matches.
 - Do not operate any electrical switches or unplug any equipment.
 - Do not use the telephone or ring doorbells.
- ► Turn off the gas at the meter or regulator.
- Open windows and doors.
- ► Warn your neighbours and leave the building.
- ▶ Prevent anyone from entering the building.
- Move well away from the building: call the National Gas Emergency Service on 0800 111 999.
- L.P.G. boilers: Call the supplier's number on the side of the gas tank.

⚠ Danger to life from poisoning by flue gas

There is a danger to life from escaping flue gas.

► Never modify any parts through which flue gas is routed.

If flues are damaged or leaking, or if you smell flue gas, observe the following rules.

- Switch off the heat source.
- ► Open doors and windows
- ▶ Warn your neighbours and leave the building immediately.
- Prevent third parties from entering the building.
- ► Notify an approved contractor.
- Have any defects rectified.

▲ Danger to life from carbon monoxide

Carbon monoxide (CO) is a poisonous gas, which arises during the incomplete combustion of fossil fuels such as oil, gas or solid fuels.

Dangers arise, if carbon monoxide escapes from the heating system due to a fault or a leak and collects unnoticed in enclosed spaces.

You can neither see, taste nor smell carbon monoxide.

To avoid danger from carbon monoxide:

- Have the heating system inspected and serviced regularly by an approved contractor.
- ▶ Use a CO detector, which gives an alarm in good time if CO escapes.
- If you suspect a CO leak:
 - Warn your neighbours and leave the building immediately.
 - Call an approved contractor.
 - Have any defects rectified.

⚠ Inspection, cleaning and maintenance

The user is responsible for ensuring the heating system is safe and environmentally compatible.

Non-existent or improper inspection, cleaning and maintenance may result in personal injury, including danger to life or material damage.

We recommend that you enter into a contract covering an annual inspection and responsive cleaning and maintenance with an approved contractor.

- ► Have work carried out only by an approved contractor.
- Have the appliance and heating system inspected by an approved contractor at least once a year.
- Have any required cleaning or maintenance work carried out immediately.
- Have any defects in the appliance and heating system remedied immediately, independent of the annual inspection.

⚠ Fittings and modification

Only a competent engineer can remove the appliance case and carry out any work, in accordance with the relevant Installation Regulations.

Any misuse or unauthorised modifications to the appliance, flue or associated accessories and heating system will invalidate the guarantee.

▶ Do not modify the appliance or flue system in any way.

Bosch accepts no liability arising from any such actions. This does not affect your statutory rights.



The air in the installation location must be free of flammable or chemically aggressive substances.

- ▶ Do not store or use any flammable or explosive materials (paper, petrol, thinners, paints, etc.) in the vicinity of the heat source.
- ▶ Do not store or use any corrosive substances (solvents, adhesives, chlorinated cleaning agents, etc.) in the vicinity of the heat source.

⚠ General considerations

- ► The boiler must be installed in a well ventilated area. The openings must be kept in good condition.
- ► The vents or any other component contributing to the functioning of the boiler must not be reduced or sealed.
- We recommend an annual service of the appliance by an approved engineer to ensure reliable and efficient operation.

▲ Safety of electrical devices for domestic use and similar purposes

The following requirements apply in accordance with EN 60335-1 in order to prevent hazards from occurring when using electrical appliances:

"This appliance can be used by children of 8 years and older, as well as by people with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lacking in experience and knowledge, if they are supervised and have been given instruction in the safe use of the appliance and understand the resulting dangers. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance must not be performed by children without supervision."

"If the power cable is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its customer service department or a similarly qualified person, so that risks are avoided."

⚠ Please read these instructions carefully

- ► These instructions are applicable to the Bosch appliance model/s stated on the front cover only.
- These instructions apply in the UK/IE only and must be followed except for any statutory obligation.

2 Product Information

2.1 Appliance identification and serial number

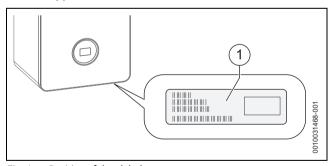


Fig. 1 Position of data label

The data label [1] contains information of the appliance model and serial number. This is located centrally on the bottom of the appliance in line with the control panel.

For your own records

Please ensure that the Commissioning Checklist has been completed by your installer or service engineer.

Model:	

Serial number:	
Date of installation:	

Table 2 Appliance details

The appliance model and serial number can be found on the appliance data label

Heating system configuration: Sealed heating system or semi-sealed heating system

Please ensure that the following table has been completed by your installer or service engineer to identify which heating system configuration your installation is.

- · Sealed heating system:
 - A sealed system relies on there being a filling link or key allowing you to top-up central heating pressure if it gets too low. There will be no tank in the loft.
- Semi-sealed heating system
 - A semi-sealed system relies on a header tank in the loft or an elevated position. The height between the tank and the boiler delivers system pressure for central heating.

Sealed heating system:	Yes □
Semi-sealed heating system:	Yes □

Table 3 Heating system configuration

2.2 Servicing



Ensure that the service engineer completes the Service Record in the Benchmark Checklist after each service.

The Service Record can be found at the rear of the appliance's Installation and Maintenance Instructions. It will be required in the event of any guarantee work and may be required by the local Building Control ee3'#8Inspector.

- ► To ensure the continued safe, reliable and environmentally optimum operation of the boiler, it must be thoroughly serviced annually by a competent, qualified person, such as a Worcester service engineer, British Gas engineer or other Gas Safe registered engineer. In the Republic of Ireland servicing work must be carried out by a Worcester service engineer or other Registered Gas Installer (RGII).
 - Having a contract covering annual servicing, cleaning and maintenance is a good way to ensure this is not missed.
 - It is important that any required maintenance or repairs are carried out without delay.
- Ensure that the service engineer completes the Service Record, at the rear of the Installation and Maintenance Instructions manual, after each service.
- ► Have any work carried out by a competent, qualified person, Worcester service engineer, British Gas engineer or other Gas Safe registered engineer. In the Republic of Ireland servicing work must be carried out by a Worcester service engineer or other Registered Gas Installer (RGII).
- ► Always use original spares, to help maintain the efficiency, safety and reliability of the appliance.



2.3 Maintaining your appliance

Your new appliance represents a long term investment in a reliable, high quality product.

Wipe the appliance casing with a soft clean cloth. Please do not use chemical cleaning products which may damage the paint finish.

In order to realise the appliance's maximum working life, and to ensure the appliance continues to operate at peak efficiency and performance, it is essential that servicing and maintenance checks are performed at least once a year by a competent engineer in accordance with the current Gas Safe Regulations.

If you would like to know more about servicing options from Bosch, please visit **www.worcester-bosch.ie**

Please tick the appropriate box on your warranty registration card for further details of the Bosch Service Contract.

When your appliance requires servicing please contact a Bosch contact centre (see rear cover, appointments).

In addition to the service contract we are pleased to offer a one-off annual service or breakdown call out for your appliance.

Maintenance tips

- Appliances on a sealed heating system:
 - Regularly check the system pressure.
- · Do not obstruct the flue outlet or the air inlet.
- · Use in hard water areas:
 - In exceptionally hard water areas a device to prevent scale formation should be fitted. Installation of a salt based water softener should be in accordance with the requirements of the local water company. A bypass valve must be fitted and used to fill/top up the heating system with untreated water.



Important note:

► If you have to add water regularly in your heating system, call a competent, qualified person.

2.4 Benchmark standard



The Benchmark initiative is a code of practice to encourage the correct installation, commissioning and servicing of domestic central heating appliances and system equipment.

A "checklist" is dispatched with every appliance and can be found towards the back of the Installation, Commissioning and Servicing Instructions. This is a vital document that needs to be completed by the installer at the time of installation. It confirms that the appliance has been installed and commissioned according to the manufacturer's instructions.

The service record provides space for the recording of regular servicing of the appliance/heating system and this can become a valuable document when, for example, you wish to sell the property. The service record will show a potential purchaser that the heating system has received regular professional maintenance and servicing during its lifetime.

The Benchmark initiative aims to:

- · Raise standards among professional installers.
- Build and maintain high safety standards in the industry.
- Improve customer satisfaction levels.
- · Make a contribution to the nation's commitment to climate change.

3 Prepare for operation

Heating system configuration overview

The appliance can be connected to a sealed or semi-sealed heating system depending on the installation conditions.

- The appliance is factory supplied for a sealed heating system with water pressure of 0.6 bar or greater.
- The appliance can be connected to a semi-sealed system with low water pressure.
 - If the system pressure is gravity fed and cannot be increased via a filling link, then the appliance can be converted to allow connection to a semi-sealed heating system

Your installer will advise you on the type of heating system you have, please also ensure that the Heating system configuration table, page 4, has been filled in by your installer as it informs you for which operation section you need to read and for future reference.

3.1 Sealed heating system

Appliances that can be connected to sealed heating systems are prepressurised before operation, this pressure must be maintained for safe use of the appliance.

- ► Check regularly that the pressure is maintained.
- Re-charge the system if the pressure indicator reads less than 0.8 bar.
- If a permanent significant decrease or increase in pressure is shown on the pressure indicator, contact your installer or maintenance engineer.



Pressure indicator

- Type of pressure indicator for the system pressure.
 - Pressure gauge (an analogue dial showing the pressure)
 - Pressure menu (a digital readout of the pressure)
- Your appliance may have one or both types of methods to indicate the system pressure. The type of method used on this appliance will be detailed in the following section.

3.1.1 Checking the system pressure

The appliance pressure menu indicates the pressure within the heating system during standby and operating periods.

Your installer will advise you of the optimum operating pressure.

- Check the system pressure on the pressure menu.
 - Static pressure is when appliance is cold and has not fired for heating or hot water. This will generally be 0.8 - 1.7 bar.
 - Operating pressure is when the appliance is firing for a heating or hot water demand. This will generally be 1 - 2 bar.

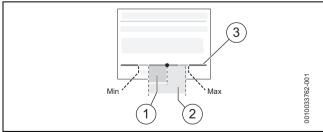


Fig. 2 Checking the operating pressure

- [1] Static pressure range.
- [2] Operating pressure range.
- [3] Pressure menu indicator.

The pressure menu can be accessed via the **Boiler status** screen.

Press the menu key (). Select and confirm Boiler status.
 The screen Boiler status with a pressure menu indicator appears.

- Check the system pressure on the display.
 - **Indicator in red zone**: pressure is too low or too high.
 - **Indicator in yellow zone**: pressure is low or slightly too high.
 - Indicator in green zone: pressure is normal.
- ▶ Top up the heating water, if the pressure is low or too low.

3.1.2 Low pressure indication

Low pressure (shaded area [A]) will be indicated on the appliance:

- The pressure indicator is within the area between 0 and 0.79 bar in the pressure menu display (left hand yellow and red zone).
- Additionally there is a message displayed.

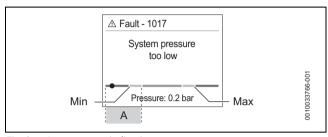


Fig. 3 Low pressure indication

[A] Low pressure area

3.1.3 Constantly re-pressurising the system

Constantly having to re-pressurise the heating system should be investigated as it is an indicator of potential leaks and the concentration of inhibitor protection in the system will be reduced; this can result in corrosion within the heating system, reducing efficiency and increasing contaminates.

- Check for leaks on heating system (pipework and radiator valves).
- ► Contact your installer or maintenance engineer if a recurring significant decrease or increase in pressure is shown on the pressure indicator (pressure gauge or pressure display).

System pressure increasing:

► If the system pressure repeatedly increases and you need to vent air from the radiators, refer to → section 9.4 "System gassing troubleshooting", page 16.

3.2 Semi-sealed heating system

A semi sealed heating system is filled and automatically topped up from a header tank. There will be no filling link provided for topping up the system.

Appliances which are suitable for use on a semi sealed system will be capable of operating at very low system pressures, this may be displayed as 0 pressure on the appliance display.

- ► The system will be automatically topped up, there is no means of increasing system pressure with a filling link.
- The appliance will not display a low pressure fault, even if the system is empty or fails to top up. Low water content in the system may lead to an over-heat lockout.
- If you regularly have to vent air from radiators, or suspect a leak from anywhere on the heating system this must be investigated and remedial work carried out. Inhibitor levels must be checked and replenished if necessary.

3.3 Topping up the system pressure

Sealed heating system



Your installer should have informed you where to find the filling system and instructed you in its use.

NOTICE

System fill method

➤ You must remove the "filling key" or disconnect the external filling loop after re-pressurisation, to comply with the Water Authority regulations.

To aid in filling the system.

► Ensure the Central Heating is on.

Automatic filling facility

The automatic filling device refills the water into the heating system as required. Your installer programmes the filling device according to your heating system. Have your installer explain the function of the automatic filling device to you.

Automatic refilling keeps the pressure in the heating system at the programmed value.

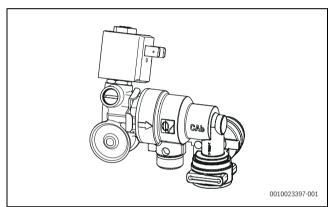


Fig. 4 Automatic filling facility

Removal and replacement of bottom panel

To gain access to the filling link, remove the bottom panel.

Press in the tabs [A] and pull the bottom panel down to remove.

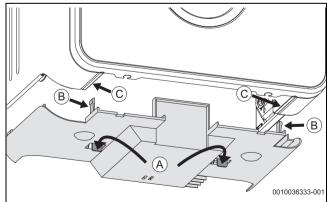


Fig. 5 Bottom panel

To replace the bottom panel, ensure that the tabs [B] line up with the edges of the boiler [C] and push into place until the tabs [A] click into place.



Keyless filling link

Locate the filling link (underneath the appliance on the right hand side) and follow the instructions for re-pressurising the system.

Re-pressurise the system.

- ► To start the filling process, pull the lever [1] down.
 - The pressure menu indicator moves, the displayed message may change.
- ► To stop the filling process, Release the lever [1] when the:
 - Pressure menu [2] indicates the pressure is ok and the pressure menu indicator is in the green zone.
- ► Top up the system pressure, if as a result of the air bleeding, the pressure drops off.

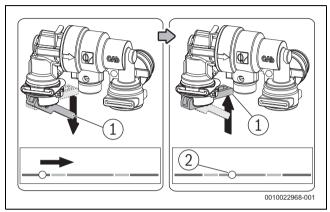


Fig. 6 Keyless filling link

Keyed filling link

Remove the bottom panel to locate the filling key and filling link (underneath the appliance on the right hand side), follow the instructions for re-pressurising the system.

Refer to figure 7.

- ► Locating the filling key into position.
 - Push the filling key [3] firmly into the body of the filling link, ensuring the arrow [4] on the key shaft lines up with the open padlock [1] symbol.
 - Turn the filling key [3] to the right, to the stop, ensure the key is locked and that it cannot still turn. The arrow [4] should line up with the closed padlock [2] symbol.

Re-pressurise the system.



Do not over-tighten the white knob [6] when closing.

- ► To start the filling process, turn the white knob [6] to the left.
 - The pressure menu indicator moves and the displayed message may change [5].
- ➤ To stop the filling process, turn the white knob [6] to the right to close the valve when:
 - The pressure menu reads OK and the pressure menu indicator is in the green zone [7].
- Top up the system pressure, if as a result of the air bleeding, the pressure drops off.

Once the pressure has settled between 0.8 and 1.7 bar.

- ► Ensure the valve is closed.
- Remove the filling key.
 - Turn the filling key [3] to the left, to the stop, so that the arrow [4] lines up with the open padlock symbol [1].
 - Pull the key straight down to remove. Please remember to store the key in a safe place.

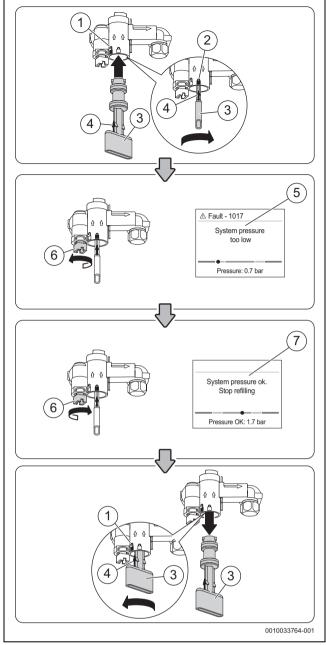


Fig. 7 Keyed filling link

External filling loop

Once the external filling loop and pressure menu has been located, follow the instructions for re-pressurising the system.

Refer to figure 8.

- ▶ Unscrew the blanking cap [1].
- ► Attach the hose [2] to the valve.
 - Usually one end of the hose is already connected to one of the system fill isolation valves.
- ► Ensure both ends [3] of the hose are screwed on hand tight.
- ► Monitor the pressure menu.
 - The system fill isolation valves [4] are in a closed position (the handle/screwdriver slot is across the valve).
- ► Turn the handle/screwdriver slot through 90° to open valves and slowly fill the system.
 - The system fill isolation valves [5] are opened (the handle/ screwdriver slot is in-line with the valve).
 - The pressure menu indicator moves and the displayed message may change [6].

- ► Turn the handles/screwdriver slots back, through 90°, to close the valves when the:
 - The pressure menu reads OK and the pressure menu indicator is in the green zone [8].

The system fill isolation valves [7] are in a closed position (the handle/screwdriver slot is across the valve).

- ► Top up the system pressure, if as a result of the air bleeding the pressure drops off.
- ▶ Remove the hose [2] and replace the blanking cap [1].

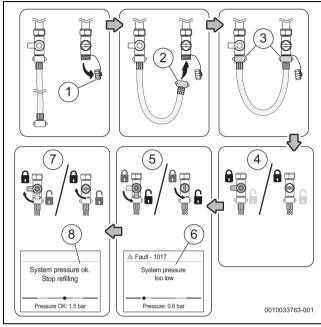


Fig. 8 External filling loop



If the pressure gauge reads more than 1.7 bar as a result of over filling:

- ▶ Bleed one radiator until the pressure gauge returns to between 1 and 1.7 bar.
- ► It is good practice to bleed any excess air that has entered the heating system due to pressure loss. Locate and open the radiator's bleed/vent point, closing the valve when water begins to flow.
- ► If, through normal boiler operation, the PRV pipe starts to leak, it could be a sign of system pressure being too high. In this instance please bleed a radiator as described above.

Semi-sealed heating system

Appliances that can be connected to semi-sealed heating systems will have the pressure maintained automatically by the header tank feeding the system.

4 Operation

These operating instructions describe the operation of the gas-fired condensing boiler. Therefore please also observe the operating instructions for the user interface.

4.1 Control panel overview

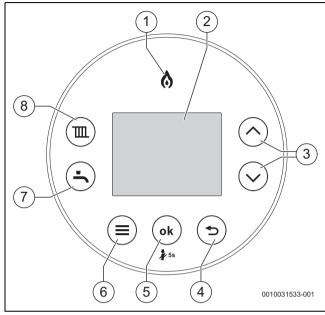


Fig. 9 Overview

- [1] Burner display: Illuminates when the burner is alight.
- [2] Display.
- [3] ▲ and ▼ buttons: To navigate through menus and increase/ decrease settings.
- [4] \hookrightarrow button: Return/back.
- [5] **ok** button¹⁾: Selection/save settings.
- [6] Menu button.
- [7] Hot water button: Hot water mode on/off, adjusting the hot water temperature.
- [8] Heating button: Heating mode on/off, set the maximum flow temperature.

4.2 Overview of keys

V	Function
Key	Function
Ш	Heating
	Heating mode
<u> </u>	Domestic Hot Water (DHW)
	DHW mode
	Menu
	Access to menus
ok ¹⁾	Select/save
	Confirm a selection
	Save setting
	DHW eco/preheat
5	Back arrow
	Exit menu (without saving changes)

¹⁾ When the display is in power save mode the **ok** button will re-activate the screen



Key	Function	
٨	Up arrow	
	Menu navigation	
	Increase values	
V	Down arrow	
	Menu navigation	
	Reduce values	

1) When the display is in power save mode the **ok** button will re-activate the screen

Table 4 Overview of keys

4.3 Symbols on the display

Symbol	Explanation
(4)))	Connection with the Wi-Fi network (only available with accessories)
((((((Connection with Radio Frequency (RF) transmitter, e.g. Comfort+ I RF room thermostat (only available with Key accessories)
Ш.	Central heating adjustment ¹⁾
	On: Heating is on.
	Auto: Heating is switched on and off according to programmed times for heating.
	Advance : Move to the next on or off time and directly switch on or off heating.
	Off: Heating is off.
≖	Central heating off
<u> </u>	Domestic Hot water adjustment
_	On: Hot water preheat is on
	Auto 1): Hot water is switched on and off according to programmed times for hot water.
	Once ¹⁾ : Hot water heating on, from the first programmed switched-on time to the last programmed switch-off time.
	Off (eco): Hot water preheat off (boiler in eco mode)
*	Hot water off
Δ	Displays with the appliance status code and diagnostic code during a fault condition.
Zm)	Cleaning mode, locks the screen for 15 seconds to enable cleaning.
3	Central heating or hot water can be switched either permanently on or off.
	Energy consumption ²⁾
♦ kWh	Gas consumption

- 1) This feature is available the timer Key accessories
- 2) The displayed energy values are estimated based on the internal data of the appliance. Under real conditions many factors influence the energy consumption and the displayed energy values differ from the energy values of an energy meter. The energy values are for information and should not be used for billing purposes. The energy values can be used to compare the energy consumption between different days / weeks / months.

Table 5 Symbols on the display



The heating and hot water system has been set up by the installer to its optimum settings.

► It is advised to make a note of these settings before adjusting so that you can return to these optimum settings in the future.

4.4 Adjusting the appliance flow temperature

4.4.1 Setting the flow temperature



With underfloor heating systems observe the maximum permissible flow temperature.

The maximum flow temperature can be adjusted between 30 $^{\circ}$ C and 82 $^{\circ}$ C $^{1)}$.

- ► Press the **l** key.

 The set maximum flow temperature appears.
- Press the ▲ or ▼ keys to set the desired maximum flow temperature.

Flow temperature	Sample application	
Approx. 50 °C	Underfloor heating system	
Approx. 65 °C 1)	Radiator heating system	

 In certain cases, for example, where radiators are undersized or homes are poorly insulated higher flow temperatures may be required, however, please refer to the relevant scalding risk advice in this manual.

Table 6 Maximum flow temperature

► The setting is saved automatically after two seconds. Then the ✓ symbol is briefly displayed.



WARNING

Risk of scalding!

▶ This appliance is supplied with the CH control set at approximately 65 °C, a temperature that should be suitable for most installations. When the boiler switches from CH to DHW, the temperature of the hot water may briefly exceed the DHW set point if the CH temperature is set higher than the DHW temperature. If the CH temperature is changed to above 65 °C, it is advisable to fit a thermostatic mixing valve (TMV) at the point of use (e.g. before the bath hot tap or shower) to protect vulnerable people from scalding.

Heating On/Off

- ► Press the **!!!** key.
 The set maximum flow temperature appears.
- Press the ok key. This toggles the heating On (Ⅲ) or Off (൸), which is shown on the display.



Where a Comfort+ or Comfort+ I RF timer key is fitted, the Central Heating can be turned on with the **ok** key during an off period.

4.5 Setting the DHW heating



Hot water functions are only available when an optional integral diverter valve kit is fitted.

Setting the DHW temperature

- ▶ Press the key. The set DHW temperature appears.
- ► To set the desired DHW temperature, press the ▲ or ▼ keys.
- ► The setting is saved automatically after two seconds. Then the ✓ symbol is briefly displayed.

¹⁾ The maximum value can be reduced by the service technician.





WARNING

Risk of scalding!

▶ This appliance is supplied with the CH control set at approximately 65 °C, a temperature that should be suitable for most installations. When the boiler switches from CH to DHW, the temperature of the hot water may briefly exceed the DHW set point if the CH temperature is set higher than the DHW temperature. If the CH temperature is changed to above 65 °C, it is advisable to fit a thermostatic mixing valve (TMV) at the point of use (e.g. before the bath hot tap or shower) to protect vulnerable people from scalding.

Setting preheat mode or eco mode



Press the ok key to switch between Eco/Preheat.

In **Preheat** mode, the hot water heat exchanger is kept pre-heated to reduce the time taken to deliver hot water at the tap.

Eco mode is an energy saving feature which disables the Preheat function. **Eco** mode is enabled by default, during the initial appliance start up.

4.6 Setting the heating control device



Observe the operating instructions of the heating controller. This shows you:

- ▶ how to set the room temperature.
- how to heat economically and save energy.

Heating/DHW via time program (Key control accessories)



Time programs are available with Key control accessories fitted. If a time program is available and the heating/DHW mode is set on **Auto** press the **ok** key to select **Advance**.

Auto: Heating/DHW mode is switched on and off according to programmed times.

Advance: Switch to **Advance** to move to the next central heating/DHW on or off time.

4.7 Operating the menu

Opening and closing the menu

- ▶ To open the menu, press the \equiv key.
- ► To exit the menu, press the ≡ key again.

-or-

▶ Press the ⇔ key.

Changing the setting values

- ► To highlight a menu item, press the ▲ key or the ▼ key.
- ► Select the menu item with the **ok** key.
- To change the value, press the ▲ or ▼ key.
- Press the ok key. The new value is saved.

Exiting the menu without saving values

▶ Press the ⇔ key.

4.8 Settings in the menu



The factory settings are **highlighted** in the following table.

Menu item	Function definition
Heating mode ¹⁾	On Auto: Activate time program. Once: Heating is on from the first programmed on time to the last programmed off time without off periods. Off
Heat. time prog. 1)	Timer for heating: Weekday(s) selection, day program and timer adjustment (→ 5.1 "Setting the time program", page 11).
DHW preheat	 On Auto¹⁾ Once¹⁾ Off
DHW time prog. ¹⁾	Timer for hot water: Weekday(s) selection, day program and timer adjustment (\rightarrow 5.1 "Setting the time program", page 11). 1)
Boiler status	Current system values including the pressure indicator.
Information	The current system values and the active operating conditions can be called up in the Information menu. Changes are not possible. System pressure Hot water Temp. (DHW temperature) Weather comp. (where fitted) System Fill (automatic filling) 2) Key (Type of installed key is shown, e.g. "Comfort + RF Key") Internet connect.
Energy consump.	Display Gas consumption Last 24h Last 30 days
Settings	Time: Set the current time. 1) Date: Set the current date. 1) DST: enable automatic time shift change summer/winter time Parental lock On Off Display Switch off after: Set the time after which the display is switched off. Brightness: Set the display brightness. Key illum. (Key illumination) Language: Change the language of the menu and the menu items. Units 1)
Cleaning funct.	Boiler keypad is disabled for 15 seconds.
Emergency mode ³⁾	
Start filling ²⁾	On Are you sure there is no leak in your heating system? Cancel now? Start filling Off

- 1) Only available with installed Key (accessories)
- 2) Only available with automatic filling facility (accessory)
- 3) Allows manual control of heating during loss of Radio Frequency (RF) Key signal

Table 7 Settings Menu



5 Key (control accessories)

Key LED status

The LED on the Key displays different states with flashing or constant colours.

Description of the LED displays	Example
Flashing red:	15 //
Fault, e.g. no communication between the Key and appliance:	
► Install the Key again, restore the last functioning status.	
Flashing yellow:	
No fault, user please wait.	
Flashing green:	
No fault, initialisation process is running.	
Constant red:	
Temporary fault:	
► Wait for normal operating condition to be resumed.	
Constant yellow:	
No fault, time and date not available:	
► Set the time and date on the appliance.	
-or-	
► Key with touch-sensitive indicator: Press touch-	
sensitive indicator on Key to start pairing.	
Constant green:	
No fault, normal operating condition.	
LED Off:	
No fault, power-saving mode or appliance without power.	

Table 8 LED status

5.1 Setting the time program

Time program



The same method for setting the time program for heating is used to set the time program for hot water.

- ► Press the ≡ key.
- ► Select and confirm the **Heat. time prog.** or **DHW time prog.**menu.
- Select and confirm the Time program menu.
 The menu items Mon Fri, Sat Sun, Mon ... Sun are displayed.

Possible items to change:

- · Mon Fri to change switching times for all weekdays together
- Mon ... Sun to change switching times for individual days
- Sat Sun to change switching times for weekends
- ► Select and confirm item you want to change.
- ► Select and confirm time entry you want to change.
- To change the time, press the ▲ or ▼ key.
- Press the ok key.
 The new time is saved. Next time entry is selected.



Add one additional switching time block by selecting +. Delete an existing switching time block by selecting $\bar{\underline{\mathbf{m}}}$.

6 Shutdown

6.1 Setting frost protection

NOTICE

Risk of damage to the system from frost!

The heating system can freeze up after a prolonged period (e.g. during a power failure, switching off the power supply, faulty fuel supply, boiler fault etc.).

► Ensure that the heating system is in constant use (particularly when there is a risk of frost).

If you are leaving your property unoccupied during cold weather, please leave your external programmer on constant and your room thermostat set to $12\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

7 Clearances and ventilation information

7.1 Appliance clearances

Your installer will have provided adequate space around the appliance for operation, safety and servicing/maintenance access.

 The following detail the necessary clearance around the appliance for service and maintenance.



CAUTION

Risk of damage to appliance or property

The appliance will overheat if the clearance space around the appliance is restricted by objects.

- Do not restrict this space with the addition of cupboards, shelves etc. next to or around the appliance.
- Do not store any combustible materials on or next to the appliance, such as clothes, towels, paper or plastic bags.

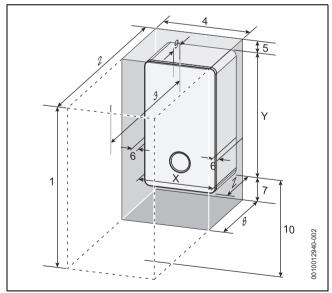


Fig. 10 Appliance minimum clearances



Minimum clearances				
	Description	Dimensions (mm)		
Х	Appliance width	400		
Υ	Appliance height	724 ¹⁾		
Z	Appliance depth	310		
	Maintenance			
1	Overall clearance height	1,080/1,120 ²⁾		
2	Overall clearance depth	760/910 ³⁾		
	Clear standing space in front of	0)		
3	appliance	450/600 ³⁾		
4	Overall clearance width	410		
5	Above the appliance	170/210 ²⁾		
6	Either side of appliance	5		
7	Below the appliance	186		
8	Compartment depth	330		
9	Appliance to removable door	20		
10	Below the appliance to the floor	400		

- 724mm to middle of top panel.
 710mm side panel height.
 Bottom panel is removable and not part of minimum clearance height requirements.
- 2) Height for either 60/100 flue or 80/125 flue.
- Front clearance can be reduced by 150mm, refer to the advice given in Reduced front maintenance minimum clearances.

Table 9 Appliance minimum clearances

Reduced front maintenance minimum clearances

The front servicing clearance for this appliance can be reduced to 450mm

For installations with a front servicing clearance less than 600mm (minimum of 450mm), the following additional criteria must be achieved

- The bottom of the appliance case must be between 1000mm and 1500mm from the floor.
- There must be at least 450mm clearance in front of the appliance to floor level. Anything sited below the appliance must not protrude into this clear space.
- There must be at least 186mm clearance to any structure which is sited below the appliance.
- There must be at least 300mm clear space to either the left hand or right hand side of the appliance. This clear space must be from the required clear height above the appliance to floor level.
 - This clearance will not apply if the appliance is sited within 300mm of a door way and the door frame is the only obstruction.



Minimum clearances must be observed to any obstruction/ surface, (dark shaded areas, figures 11 and 12).

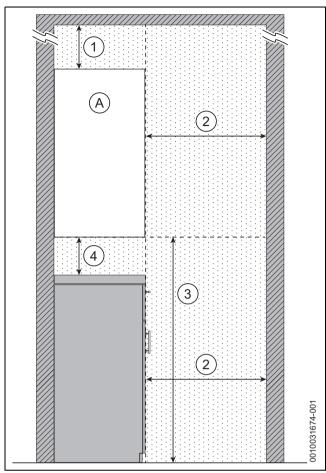


Fig. 11 Reduced front maintenance clearances - Side view

- [A] Appliance.
- [1] Above appliance Same clearance required as for standard clearances of 60/100 flue or 80/125mm flue.
- [2] In front of appliance Minimum 450mm.
- [3] Bottom of appliance to the floor 1,000 1,500mm.
- [4] Below appliance 186mm



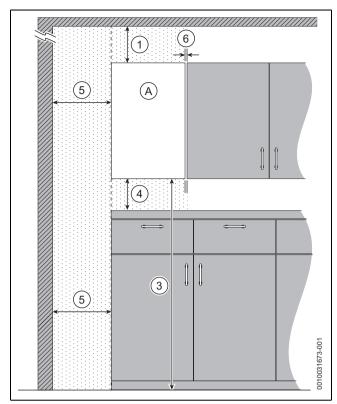


Fig. 12 Reduced front maintenance clearances - Front view

- [A] Appliance.
- [1] Above appliance Same clearance required as for standard clearances of 60/100 flue or 80/125mm flue.
- [3] Bottom of appliance to the floor 1,000 1,500mm.
- [4] Below appliance 186mm
- [5] One side of appliance Minimum 300mm.
- [6] One side of appliance Minimum 5mm.

Roof space installation clearances



Important!

► In order to ensure personal safety when products are installed in roof spaces, the following criteria should be achieved. Failure to make proper provision for safe access to and maintenance of the product may affect the warranty.

Access

- A permanently fixed, retractable loft ladder is required for safe access into the roof space.
 - The ladder must be installed to comply with the manufacturers instructions and the fixings used must be capable of safely supporting the full maximum load capacity of the ladder.
 - Step ladders, unsecured or temporarily secured ladders are not considered to provide safe access.
- Fixed lighting must be provided to ensure safe access to and at the working area.

Working area:

- The access route and working area must not be used as a storage space and must be kept completely clear.
 - It is not acceptable for anything that could result in an engineer slipping or tripping or that will obstruct his access to be stored in the access or working area.
 - If the working area does not extend to the loft hatch, any boards which are provided for access must be securely fixed to the ceiling joists. The access boarding must be at least 600mm wide. Joints must be properly supported and must not be overlapped.

- There must be provision for means of preventing accidentally stepping into the loft hatch.
 - Safety guard, handrail or safety chain to prevent accidentally stepping into the loft hatch.



The same work area and access requirements would be required for any floor standing equipment such as a cylinder.



Product clearances:

▶ Minimum clearances must be maintained around the product.

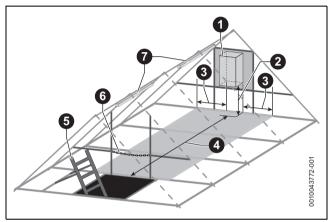


Fig. 13 Roof space installation clearances

- [1] Product
- [2] Clearance below
- [3] Side clearance
- [4] Front clearance
- [5] Permanently fixed, retractable loft ladder
- [6] Safety guard, handrail or safety chain
- [7] Fixed lighting

Minimum clearances							
	Description	Dimensions (mm)					
2	Below the product to the loft floor boarding	600					
3	Either side of product to the edge of the loft floor boarding	600					
4	In front of product to the loft floor boarding or the loft hatch $^{1)}$	1,200					

 The shortest distance must be applied. If the work area does not extend to the loft hatch, then there must be a safe walkway of at least 600mm wide to the boarded work area.

Table 10 Minimum clearances

7.2 Ventilation information

The air supply must not be restricted or contaminated.



Ventilation considerations

- ► Do not place objects to hinder the air circulation required by the appliance.
- ► The installation premises may require ventilation to be fitted according to its features or use.



8 Maintenance

⚠ Inspection, cleaning and maintenance

The user is responsible for ensuring the heating system is safe and environmentally compatible.

Non-existent or improper inspection, cleaning and maintenance may result in personal injury, including danger to life or material damage.

We recommend that you enter into a contract covering an annual inspection and responsive cleaning and maintenance with an approved contractor.

- ► Have work carried out only by an approved contractor.
- ► Have the heating system inspected by an approved contractor at least once a year.
- Have any required cleaning or maintenance work carried out immediately.
- ► Have any defects in the heating system remedied immediately, independent of the annual inspection.

Cleaning the casing

Never use aggressive or corrosive cleaning agents.

▶ Wipe the casing with a damp cloth.

9 Malfunction or failure

If you believe there is a problem with your central heating or hot water supply, before you contact your installer/maintenance engineer and report the error and appliance type carry out the following checks.

Basic checks

Some items to check before placing a call are:

- Is the electrical power switched on to the appliance?
- · Is the programmer/timer set to ON or in an ON period?
- · Is the room thermostat set too low?
- Is the cylinder thermostat (if fitted) set too low?
- · Is the cold water main turned on?
- Sealed heating system:
 - Is the static system pressure (when appliance is cold) between 1 and 1.5 bar?
- · Do you have gas?
 - Are other gas appliances working, gas cooker/hob for example?
 - Has your credit run out on your gas pre-payment meter?

Details of your installer should be available in the Commissioning Checklist or can be recorded in the following section.

Installer/maintenance engineer

Installer/maint	enance engineer details
Engineer name:	
Company name:	
Company address:	
Telephone:	
Email:	

Table 11

Bosch

The appliance is supported in EiRE by Bosch.

Specialist service engineers are available to attend an appliance breakdown.



Invoices for attendance and repair work carried out on this appliance by any third party will not be accepted.

- No charge will be made for parts and/or labour providing:
 - The appliance fault is found and the appliance is within the guarantee period. Reasonable evidence of this must be supplied on request. i.e. a completed Commissioning and service record and has been regularly serviced at least once a year.
- · A call-out charge will be made where:
 - The appliance is outside the guarantee period or has not been serviced in accordance with the manufacturers instructions.
 - Our Field Service Engineer finds no fault with the appliance.
 - The cause of breakdown is misuse or with other parts of your plumbing/heating system, or with equipment not supplied by Bosch.



No appliance fault is found on over 30% of all service calls.

 In the case of a suspected fault, refer to the basic checks earlier in this section.

In the event of an appliance fault or breakdown please contact Bosch appointments team on 0330 123 9339. Your advisor will arrange for an engineer to call with the minimum of delay; under normal circumstances this will be from 1-3 working days (excluding weekends and bank holidays) for priority breakdown situations (no hot water and/or heating).

9.1 Troubleshooting (fault reset)

If there is fault in the system, there will be a message shown on the display with an icon on the right up corner. The color of this icon depends on the severity of the fault in the system. The cause of the fault is coded (e.g. fault code 232) and displayed as text.

Press the ▲ and ▼ keys until Reset is displayed.
The appliance starts up again and the current supply temperature is displayed.

If a fault persists:

- Contact the contractor or the customer service.
- Provide them with the displayed fault code and the device data (→ table 4).

9.2 Fault 2980



CAUTION

Fault 2980

► If fault 2980 is visible on the boiler display then contact a qualified heating engineer immediately. Do not attempt to remedy the fault otherwise there is a chance this could lead to a serious, safety-related fault. Heating and hot water will not be available until remedied by a qualified heating engineer.



9.3 Extreme cold weather

In certain instances where the condensate pipework is run externally or in an unheated area, such as a garage, the condensate pipework can be at risk of freezing, even if well insulated.

A frozen/blocked condensate pipe will cause the boiler to shut down. Bosch have available helpful videos on thawing frozen condensate pipe work on our website in the Customer Service section.



WARNING

Falling hazard!

Failure to follow this guidance may result in personal injury.

- Only attempt to thaw a condensate pipe that is at ground level and easily accessible.
- ▶ Never attempt to thaw a condensate pipe that is at height.



CAUTION

Risk of damage to pipe work!

Thermal shock from boiling water can damage plastic pipes.

▶ **DO NOT** use boiling water to thaw the condensate pipe!



CAUTION

Slip hazard

 Ensure that the subsequent freezing of any water does not result in a slip hazard.

If the condensate pipe has frozen:

- Locate the blockage.
 - It is likely that the pipe is frozen at the most exposed point outside the building or where there is an obstruction to flow. This could be the open end of the pipe, at a bend or elbow, or where there is a sag in the pipe in which condensate can collect.
 - The location of the blockage should be identified as closely as possible before taking further action.
- ► Thaw the frozen pipe.
 - The pipe can be thawed by applying a hot water bottle, a
 microwaveable heating pack (the sort used for muscular aches
 and pains) or a cloth soaked in hot water to the exterior of the
 pipe, close to the point of blockage.
 - Hot water, but not boiling, can also be poured onto the pipe from a watering can or similar container.
 - Care must be taken at pedestrian areas where this water may freeze and create a slip hazard.
- Bosch have available on our website helpful videos in the Customer Service section to aid in thawing a frozen pipe.
- Reset the appliance and wait two or three minutes for the appliance to restart.
- ► Contact Bosch Appointments Team on: 0330 123 9339, if the boiler does not restart.
- Contact your installer in order to find a permanent solution to the problem.



9.4 System gassing troubleshooting



WARNING

Caution must be exercised when venting radiators or adjusting system pressure after commissioning of your boiler.

Do not repeatedly vent your radiators, if symptoms persist, contact a heating engineer.

- ▶ Do not vent air from radiators whilst the central heating is switched on; turn your boiler off.
- ► Whilst venting radiators, do not allow the pressure on the boiler to drop below the pressure at which it is normally set.

CAUTION

If the pressure in your heating system is repeatedly rising (this can be checked via the boilers pressure gauge or digital display and should be checked when the system is cold), and especially if you need to keep venting the radiators, urgent action is required and you must contact a heating engineer. This can indicate that there is corrosion occurring within the heating system

Note: Ensure the reading stays between minimum and maximum operating pressures at all times whilst the boiler is operating

- This must be properly addressed to prevent serious damage to the entire system.
- Failure to properly maintain the heating system may affect your warranty.

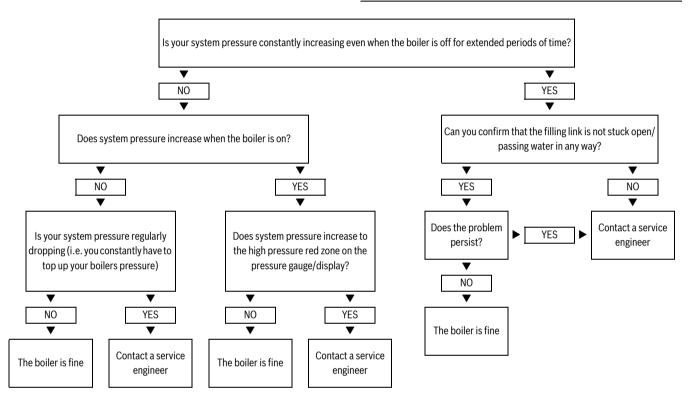


Table 12 System gassing flow chart



10 Environmental protection and disposal

Environmental protection is a fundamental corporate strategy of the Bosch Group.

The quality of our products, their economy and environmental safety are all of equal importance to us and all environmental protection legislation and regulations are strictly observed.

We use the best possible technology and materials for protecting the environment taking account of economic considerations.

Packaging

Where packaging is concerned, we participate in country-specific recycling processes that ensure optimum recycling.

Compostable packaging

Compostable packaging is used wherever possible in an effort to reduce the product's impact on the environment and the overall demand for plastic packaging. Where the following symbol is shown the material is compostable:



Compostable packaging can be disposed of in a number of ways:

- Home compost heap
- · Local Authority garden waste collection
- · Local Authority food waste collection, ideally as a food waste bin bag
- · Local Authority household waste

Please note that compostable materials cannot be recycled.



Used appliances

Used appliances contain valuable materials that can be recycled. The various assemblies can be easily dismantled. Synthetic materials are marked accordingly. Assemblies can therefore be sorted by composition and passed on for recycling or disposal.

Old electrical and electronic appliances

X

This symbol means that the product must not be disposed of with other waste, and instead must be taken to the waste collection points for treatment, collection, recycling and disposal.

The symbol is valid in countries where waste electrical and electronic equipment regulations apply, e.g. "(UK) Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2013 (as amended)". These regulations define the framework for the return and recycling of old electronic appliances that apply in each country.

As electronic devices may contain hazardous substances, it needs to be recycled responsibly in order to minimize any potential harm to the environment and human health. Furthermore, recycling of electronic scrap helps preserve natural resources.

For additional information on the environmentally compatible disposal of old electrical and electronic appliances, please contact the relevant local authorities, your household waste disposal service or the retailer where you purchased the product.

You can find more information here:

www.bosch-homecomfortgroup.com/en/company/legal-topics/weee/

Batteries

Batteries must not be disposed together with your household waste. Used batteries must be disposed of in local collection systems.

11 Tips on energy saving

Quick Tap function

With the boiler in DHW eco mode it is possible to operate the Quick Tap function, designed to save water:

- ► Fully open your hot water tap for at least 3 seconds.
- Turn hot water tap to fully closed.
- ▶ Wait up to 30 seconds¹⁾ as the boiler continues to prepare hot water.
- ► Open your hot water tap; hot water is available²⁾



On average, 3.5 litres of water can be saved when using the Quick Tap function.

Water saving varies depending on user behaviour, pipework design and the time of year, for example, if Central Heating is on during the winter, DHW will heat up quicker than in the summer, reducing the potential for water saving. Savings are calculated based on average mains water pressure, a heat-up time of 30 seconds and close proximity of the tap to the boiler.

Heating economically

The appliance provides a high level of comfort whilst keeping fuel consumption and the environment effects as low as possible.

The appliance is controlled in such a way that it delivers heat at the correct rate and only if there is a clear demand from the system.

Central heating systems with thermostatic radiator valves

With modern heating systems set around a 20 °C heat loss, the optimum setting for a condensing boiler will be approximately 65 °C for the central heating temperature. This is to ensure a return temperature of less than 52 °C.

The system must be balanced correctly and the radiators may need upgrading. This allows the boiler to condense as much as possible for the central heating system.

The temperature of each room can be set individually (except primary room with the room thermostat) using the thermostatic radiator valves.

Room thermostats

Reducing the setting of the room thermostat by 1 $^{\circ}$ C can reduce fuel consumption by up to 10%.

New control systems

Upgrade your heating control system if necessary with the latest equipment available.

Roof insulation

Around 30% of the heat loss from a property is through the roof. Replace any old insulation with new insulation, preferably of around 200mm thickness or more.

Window frames

Single glazed windows, particularly those with steel frames, can lose a great deal of heat. Consideration should be given to replacement with PVCu or wooden framed double glazed units.

Radiators

If a radiator is sited underneath a window, its performance will be affected if the curtains are allowed to drape over the radiator. Shelves fitted above or in front of the radiator should also be avoided.

¹⁾ If the hot water reaches the set temperature before 30 seconds has elapsed, the boiler will stop firing

Hot water is available at the boiler. Delivery time to the tap will vary on the pipework design and tap distance from the boiler



It is advisable to manually adjust all thermostatic radiator valves every 2–3 months to prevent them sticking. Ensure radiator valves are correctly set and not damaged.

Draughts

Try to ensure that draughts around doors, windows, letter boxes and keyholes etc. are reduced by using a suitable draught excluder.



WARNING

Air vents!

Do not block or seal any air vents that are installed to ensure that the appliance operates safely.

Curtains

Lined curtains, or heavier full length curtains can provide excellent insulation. However, always ensure that the curtains do not drape over radiators.

12 Your guarantee

This appliance has a guarantee against faulty materials or workmanship from the date of installation subject to the following terms and conditions:

- During the period of this guarantee any components of the appliance that are proven to be faulty or defective in manufacture will be exchanged or repaired free of charge by Bosch Thermotechnology I td.
- The householder may be asked to prove the date of installation, that
 the appliance was correctly commissioned and, where appropriate,
 serviced to the satisfaction of Bosch Thermotechnology Ltd. These
 should be documented in the commissioning and service records in
 the Installation and Maintenance Instructions.
- The appliance has been used only for the normal domestic purposes for which it was designed.

This guarantee does not affect your statutory rights.

Guarantee registration

Your appliance/product carries a guarantee against faulty material or manufacture subject to Terms and Conditions.

To read the full Terms & Conditions please visit us on-line at www.worcester-bosch.ie/guarantee.

Your statutory rights are not affected by the manufacturer's guarantee



13 Energy consumption

13.1 Product data on energy consumption

Natural Gas appliance

The following product data comply with the requirements of the EU Regulations No. 811/2013, No. 812/2013, No. 813/2013 and No. 814/2013 supplementing the Regulation (EU) 2017/1369.

Product type	Product data	Symbol	Unit	7 733 601 641	7 733 601 640
Low temperature boiler	Product type	_	_	GC4700iW 24/30 C NG	GC4700iW 24/25 C NG
B1 boiler	Condensing boiler	-	-	✓	✓
Co-generation space heater − − × × Equipped with a supplementary heater? − </td <td>Low temperature boiler</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>×</td> <td>×</td>	Low temperature boiler	_	-	×	×
Equipped with a supplementary heater?	B1 boiler	-	-	×	×
Combination heater − − ✓ ✓ Rated heat output Prated kW 24 24 Saasonal space heating energy efficiency η _S % 94 94 Energy Efficiency Class − − A A Useful heat output At 7 and 7 and 7 and 1	Co-generation space heater	_	-	×	*
Rated heat output Prated Rated heat output and long peregy efficiency η ₅ % 94 94 94 94 94 94 94	Equipped with a supplementary heater?	-	-	-	-
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Seasonal space heating energy efficiency η₅ % 94 94 Energy Efficiency Class - - A A Useful heat output and high temperature regime 1) P₄ kW 24 24 At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime 2) P₁ kW 8.1 8.1 Useful efficiency At rated heat output and high temperature regime 1) η₄ % 87.9 87.9 At rated heat output and low temperature regime 2) η₁ % 98.9 98.9 At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime 1) η₄ % 87.9 87.9 At 74 trated heat output and low temperature regime 2) η₁ % 98.9 98.9 At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime 1) η₄ % 87.9 87.9 At 20 % 6 % 98.9 98.9 98.9 98.9 At 20 % 0.039 0.039 0.039 0.039 0.039 0.039 0.039 0.039	Rated heat output	P _{rated}	kW	24	24
Energy Efficiency Class	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency		%	94	94
At rated heat output and high temperature regime $^{1)}$ P_4 kW 24 24 $At 30\%$ of rated heat output and low temperature regime $^{2)}$ P_1 kW 8.1 9.1	Energy Efficiency Class		-	А	А
At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime $^{2)}$ P_1 kW 8.1 8.1 Useful efficiency At rated heat output and high temperature regime $^{1)}$ η_4 % 87.9 87.9 87.9 At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime $^{2)}$ η_1 % 98.9 98.9 Auxiliary electricity consumption At full load $ e _{min} $ kW 0.039 0.039 At part load $ e _{min} $ kW 0.013 0.013 In standby mode $ e _{min} $ kW 0.002 0.002 Other items Standby heat loss $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption 0.061	Useful heat output				
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At rated heat output and high temperature regime $^{1)}$ η_4 1	At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime ²⁾	P ₁	kW	8.1	8.1
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Useful efficiency				
At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime $^{2)}$ η_1 % 98.9 98.9 98.9 Auxiliary electricity consumption At full load $ e _{min} $ kW 0.039 0.039 0.039 At part load $ e _{min} $ kW 0.013 0.013 0.013 In standby mode $ e _{min} $ kW 0.002 0.002 0.002 Other items Standby heat loss $ e _{min} $ kW 0.061 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{pin} $ kW 0.001 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{pin} $ kW 0.001 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{pin} $ kW 0.001 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{pin} $ kW 0.001 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{pin} $ kW 0.001 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{pin} $ kW 0.001 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{pin} $ kW 0.001 0.001 0.001 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{pin} $ kW 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 Ignition burner power consumption $ e _{pin} $ kW 0.001 0	At rated heat output and high temperature regime 1)	η ₄	%	87.9	87.9
Auxiliary electricity consumption	At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime ²⁾		%	98.9	98.9
At part load	Auxiliary electricity consumption				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	At full load	el _{max}	kW	0.039	0.039
In standby mode	At part load		kW	0.013	0.013
Other items Standby heat loss P _{stby} kW 0.061 0.061 Ignition burner power consumption P _{ign} kW - - Emissions of nitrogen oxides (only gas- or oil fired) NO _x mg/kWh 40 40 Annual energy consumption Q _{HE} kWh 20556 20556 Annual energy consumption Q _{HE} GJ 74 74 Sound power level, indoors L _{WA} dB 45 45 Additional data for combination heaters Declared load profile - - XL XL ³) Water heating energy efficiency η _{Wh} % 85 85 Water heating energy efficiency class - - A A Daily electricity consumption (average climate conditions) Q _{elec} kWh 0.173 0.180 Annual electricity consumption AEC kWh 38 40 Daily fuel consumption Q _{fuel} kWh 22.908 22.896 Annual fuel consumption AFC GJ 18 18 Indication about ability working only during off-peak hours - - - - Other load profiles - - - - - <	In standby mode		kW	0.002	0.002
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Other items				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Standby heat loss	P _{stbv}	kW	0.061	0.061
Emissions of nitrogen oxides (only gas- or oil fired) Annual energy consumption QHE GJ 74 74 74 Sound power level, indoors LWA dB 45 Additional data for combination heaters Declared load profile Water heating energy efficiency Water heating energy efficiency class Water heating energy efficiency class Water heating energy efficiency class Water leating energy efficiency class Water heating energy efficiency class Annual electricity consumption (average climate conditions) April & Who will be wil	Ignition burner power consumption		kW	-	-
Annual energy consumption	Emissions of nitrogen oxides (only gas- or oil fired)		mg/kWh	40	40
Sound power level, indoors L _{WA} dB 45 Additional data for combination heaters Declared load profile - - XL XL ³⁾ Water heating energy efficiency η _{Wh} % 85 85 Water heating energy efficiency class - - A A Daily electricity consumption (average climate conditions) Q _{elec} kWh 0.173 0.180 Annual electricity consumption AEC kWh 38 40 Daily fuel consumption Q _{fuel} kWh 22.908 22.896 Annual fuel consumption AFC GJ 18 18 Indication about ability working only during off-peak hours - - * * Other load profiles - - - - Standing loss S W - - Storage volume V I - -	Annual energy consumption	Q _{HE}	kWh	20556	20556
Additional data for combination heaters Declared load profile	Annual energy consumption	Q _{HE}	GJ	74	74
Additional data for combination heaters Declared load profile - - XL XL ³⁾ Water heating energy efficiency \$\eta_{wh}\$ 85 85 Water heating energy efficiency class - - A A Daily electricity consumption (average climate conditions) \$\mathbb{Q}_{elec}\$ kWh 0.173 0.180 Annual electricity consumption AEC kWh 38 40 Daily fuel consumption \$\mathbb{Q}_{fuel}\$ kWh 22.908 22.896 Annual fuel consumption AFC GJ 18 18 Indication about ability working only during off-peak hours - - * * Other load profiles - - - - - Standing loss S W - - - Storage volume V I - - -	Sound power level, indoors	L _{WA}	dB	45	45
Water heating energy efficiency Water heating energy efficiency class Water heating energy efficiency class A Daily electricity consumption (average climate conditions) Annual electricity consumption AEC kWh 38 40 Daily fuel consumption Qfuel kWh 22.908 22.896 Annual fuel consumption AFC GJ 18 18 Indication about ability working only during off-peak hours × Other load profiles Standing loss SW Storage volume VII -	Additional data for combination heaters				
Water heating energy efficiency class — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Declared load profile	_	-	XL	XL ³⁾
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Water heating energy efficiency	η_{wh}	%	85	85
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Water heating energy efficiency class	_	-	A	A
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Daily electricity consumption (average climate conditions)	Q _{elec}	kWh	0.173	0.180
Annual fuel consumption AFC GJ 18 18 Indication about ability working only during off-peak hours - - * * Other load profiles - - - - Standing loss S W - - Storage volume V I - -			kWh	38	40
Annual fuel consumption AFC GJ 18 18 Indication about ability working only during off-peak hours - - * * Other load profiles - - - - Standing loss S W - - Storage volume V I - -	Daily fuel consumption	Q _{fuel}	kWh	22.908	22.896
Other load profiles - - - - - - - Standing loss S W - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>GJ</td><td>18</td><td>18</td></t<>			GJ	18	18
Standing loss S W - - Storage volume V I - -	Indication about ability working only during off-peak hours	-	-	×	×
Storage volume V I	Other load profiles	-	-	-	-
Storage volume V I	Standing loss	S	W	-	-
Non-solar storage volume (Vbu)	Storage volume	V	I	-	-
	Non-solar storage volume (Vbu)	Vbu	I	-	-

¹⁾ High-temperature regime means 60 °C return temperature at heater inlet and 80 °C feed temperature at heater outlet.

Table 13 Product data on energy consumption Condens 4700iW

²⁾ Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30 $^{\circ}$ C, for low-temperature boilers 37 $^{\circ}$ C and for other heaters 50 $^{\circ}$ C return temperature (at heater inlet).

³⁾ XL tapping cycle declared in accordance with EN 13203-2, clause 5.2



LPG appliances

The following product data comply with the requirements of the EU Regulations No. 811/2013, No. 812/2013, No. 813/2013 and No. 814/2013 supplementing the Regulation (EU) 2017/1369.

Product data	Symbol	Unit	7 733 601 643	7 733 601 642
Product type	-	-	GC4700iW 24/30 C LPG	GC4700iW 24/25 C LPG
Condensing boiler	-	-	✓	✓
Low temperature boiler	-	-	×	*
B1 boiler	-	-	×	*
Cogeneration space heater	-	-	×	*
Equipped with a supplementary heater?	-	-	-	-
Combination heater	-	-	✓	✓
Rated heat output	P _{rated}	kW	24	24
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	ης	%	94	94
Energy Efficiency Class	-	-	А	А
Useful heat output				
At rated heat output and high temperature regime 1)	P ₄	kW	24	24
At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime 2)	P ₁	kW	8.1	8.1
Useful efficiency				
At rated heat output and high temperature regime 1)	η ₄	%	87.9	87.9
At 30 % of rated heat output and low temperature regime ²⁾	η_1	%	98.9	98.9
Auxiliary electricity consumption				
At full load	el _{max}	kW	0.039	0.039
At part load	el _{min}	kW	0.013	0.013
In standby mode	P _{SB}	kW	0.002	0.002
Other items	0.5			
Standby heat loss	P _{stby}	kW	0.061	0.061
Ignition burner power consumption	P _{ign}	kW	-	-
Emissions of nitrogen oxides (only gas- or oil fired)	NO _x	mg/kWh	40	40
Annual energy consumption	Q _{HE}	kWh	20556	20556
Annual energy consumption	Q _{HE}	GJ	74	74
Sound power level, indoors	L _{WA}	dB	45	45
Additional data for combination heaters	WA			
Declared load profile	_	_	XL	XL ³⁾
Water heating energy efficiency	η_{wh}	%	85	85
Water heating energy efficiency class	-	-	A	A
Daily electricity consumption (average climate conditions)	Q _{elec}	kWh	0.173	0.180
Annual electricity consumption	AEC	kWh	38	40
Daily fuel consumption	Q _{fuel}	kWh	22.908	22.896
Annual fuel consumption	AFC	GJ	18	18
Indication about ability working only during off-peak hours	-	-	*	x
Other load profiles	_	_	-	_
Standing loss	S	W	-	_
Storage volume	V		-	_
Non-solar storage volume (Vbu)	Vbu		_	

¹⁾ High-temperature regime means $60\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ return temperature at heater inlet and $80\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ feed temperature at heater outlet.

Table 14 Product data on energy consumption Condens 4700iW

²⁾ Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30 $^{\circ}$ C, for low-temperature boilers 37 $^{\circ}$ C and for other heaters 50 $^{\circ}$ C return temperature (at heater inlet).

³⁾ XL tapping cycle declared in accordance with EN 13203-2, clause $5.2\,$



14 Data Protection Notice



We, Bosch Thermotechnology Ltd., Cotswold Way, Warndon, Worcester WR4 9SW, United Kingdom process product and installation information, technical and connection data, communication data, product registration and client history data to provide product functionality (art. 6 (1) sentence 1 (b) GDPR

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Bosch Thermotechnik GmbH Junkersstrasse 20-24 73249 Wernau Germany worcester-bosch.ie